**Nombre\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Hora\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Fecha\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**2nd Year 1st Semester Review**

The best way to prepare is to START EARLY! The final includes vocabulary from Unidad 4 Etapa 3 through Unidad 5 Etapa 2 plus the imperfect tense.

**Here are some suggestions that will help you to review:**

* WRITE, WRITE, WRITE –as you study! You will remember it better! Make flashcards to practice the vocabulary and structures.
* Again, make flashcards for vocabulary!
* Do the exercises in this packet. Review the areas that you find difficult.
* Check out a textbook and do exercises from it.
* Go to my website (www.sraprine.wikispaces.com and do on-line games, activities and practice tests on the “enlaces” (links) page).
* Go over the vocabulary on the last page of each chapter.
* Read over and study your notes THOROUGHLY.
* Study with a friend.
* Ask questions in class.
* Come in outside of class for additional help.

**The test will be in several sections.**

* **Listening**
* **Reading**
* **Structure**
* **Speaking**
* **Writing**
* **Vocabulary**
* **Culture**

1. **El Vocabulario:** Study ALL Vocabulary lists! Below is a partial list of the vocab. How many of the words below do you remember? Fill out as many as you can before looking them up.

**5.1 5.2 4.3**

To go to bed: acostarse Easily: fácilmente spoon: la cuchara

To wash oneself: lavarse Slowly: lentamente fork: el tenedor

To wake up: despertarse Quickly: rápidamente check: la cuenta

To fall asleep: dormirse To sweep the floor: barrer el suelo tip: la propina

To dry oneself: secarse To dust: sacar el polvo bread: el pan

To put on makeup: maquillarse To iron the clothes:planchar la ropa dessert: el postre

To shave oneself: afeitarse To arrange: ordenar spicy: picante

Alarm clock: el depertador appetizers: las tapas rice: el arroz

mouth: la boca potato omelet: la tortilla española something: algo

arm: el brazo olives: las aceitunas without: sin

leg: la pierna kitchen: la cocina no one: nadie

foot: el pie living room : la sala breakfast:el desayuno

1. **La Gramática:** Study your notes!

**Unidad 4.3**

* BOOT VERBS – Present Tense (e🡪i)

What do these boot verbs mean? Servir = \_to serve\_\_\_\_ Pedir = to ask for/order Repetir = to repeat

Conjugate the following verbs in the present tense.

* + 1. (yo) servir \_sirvo\_ 2. (ella) pedir \_\_pide\_\_\_\_\_ 3. (nosotros) decir\_decimos\_\_\_\_\_\_
* THE VERB ‘GUSTAR’

What are the six IOP’s used with the verb gustar?

\_\_\_me\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_te\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_le\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_nos\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_os\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_les\_\_\_\_\_\_

What are the two different forms of “gustar” that you use to talk about what people like?

Singular = \_\_\_gusta\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Plural = \_\_\_\_gustan\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. I like cake. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Me gusta el pastel\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* + 1. She likes cheese. \_\_\_\_\_A ella le gusta el queso\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
    2. We like enchiladas. \_\_\_Nos gustan las enchiladas\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Unidad 5.1**

* **REFLEXIVE VERBS**

What are the reflexive pronouns used with reflexive verbs?

\_\_\_\_me\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_te\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_se\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_nos\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_os\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_se\_\_\_\_\_

How are reflexive verbs different from other verbs? \_\_They talk about actions people do to and for themselves\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. We bathe ourselves sometimes. \_\_\_\_Nos bañamos a veces\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. She wakes up very early. \_\_\_Ella se despierta muy temprano\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. You all (plural, familiar) fall asleep. \_\_\_\_Os dormís\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. They are going to shower themselves. \_Ellos van a bañarse\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* **AFFIRMATIVE TÚ COMMANDS**

How are *regular* affirmative tú commands formed? \_\_Use the Ud., Él, Ella form\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Eat! \_\_\_\_\_¡Come!\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. Run! \_\_\_\_¡Corre!\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. Write! \_\_¡Escribe!\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. Shower yourself! (*ATTACH PRONOUN)* \_\_\_¡Dúchate!\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. Bathe yourself! (*ATTACH PRONOUN)* \_\_\_\_¡Báñate!\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

What are the 8 *irregulars*? What do they mean in English?

Decir= \_\_\_\_Di\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ say/tell\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Hacer= \_\_\_\_\_Haz\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Do/Make\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Ir=\_\_\_\_\_\_Ve\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Go\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Poner=\_\_\_\_Pon\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Put\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Salir=\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Sal\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Leave\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Ser=\_\_\_\_\_Sé\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Be\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Tener=\_\_\_\_Ten\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Have\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Venir=\_\_\_\_\_Ven\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Come\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* **NEGATIVE TÚ COMMANDS**

How are the *regular* negative tú commands formed? \_\_\_Go to the “YO”, drop the “o”, add the opposite tú ending\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Don’t run! \_\_\_\_\_\_\_¡No corras!\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Don’t buy onions! \_\_¡No compres cebollas!\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

What are the *irregulars*? (Tú form!)

Dar = No \_\_\_des\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Don’t give!

Estar = No \_\_\_estés\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Don’t be!

Ir= No \_\_\_vayas\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Don’t go!

Saber= No \_\_\_sepas\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Don’t know!

Ser = No \_\_seas\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Don’t be!

**Unidad 5.2**

* **PRESENT PROGRESSIVE**

What is the present progressive tense used for? Actions that are in PROGRESS. HappenING now

Conjugate ESTAR in all six forms

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| estoy | estamos |
| estás | estáis |
| está | están |

For –AR verbs, add \_\_\_\_ando\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

For –ER & -IR verbs, add \_\_\_iendo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

If the stem of the –ER or –IR verbs ends in a vowel, add \_\_\_\_\_yendo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. I am running. \_\_\_\_Estoy corriendo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. We are sweeping the floor. \_Estamos barriendo el suelo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. They are reading\_Ellos están leyendo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Irregulars: Pedir = P**i**diendo Servir = \_sirviendo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Decir= \_diciendo\_ Dormir = durmiendo\_

Venir = \_viniendo\_\_\_ leer = \_leyendo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Traer = \_\_\_trayendo\_\_\_\_\_\_ Oír = \_\_\_\_oyendo\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* **ADVERBS ENDING IN ‘MENTE’**

What is the difference between the following words?

Cuidadoso = \_\_\_Careful\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Cuidadosamente =\_\_\_carefully\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Feliz=\_\_\_\_Happy\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Felizmente =\_\_\_Happily\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Rápido =\_\_\_\_Quick\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Rápidamente = \_Quickly\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

To create an adverb, you add ‘mente’ to the MASCULINE/ FEMININE form of the adjective.

If the adjective ends in E, L, or Z, just add \_\_\_\_mente\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to change it to an adverb.

* **THE VERB ‘DEBER’**

What is the verb DEBER used for? \_\_\_to should/ ought to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Debo | Debemos |
| Debes | Debéis |
| Debe | Deben |

Conjugate DEBER in all six forms

* + - 1. You should take out the trash. \_Debes sacar la basura\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
      2. They should order chicken with rice. \_Ellos deben pedir pollo con arroz\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
      3. I should iron the clothes. \_\_\_\_\_Debo planchar la ropa\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Practice Test Questions Score: \_\_\_\_\_\_/ 9**

Choose the letter than best completes each of the following sentences.

1. Si comes el bistec necesitas \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. una cuchara                  c. una cuenta

**b. un tenedor**                      d. una propina

2. - -¿Qué vas a \_\_\_\_\_\_, Marcos?

- -Una sopa de tomate, pan y una ensalada. ¡Tengo mucha hambre!

a. traer                                 c. almorzar

b. servir                               **d. pedir**

3. Diego tiene muchos \_\_\_\_\_. Limpia su cuarto y lava los platos todos los días.

**a. quehaceres**                         c. cepillos

b. dientes                                 d. mantas

4. Después de comer, ella siempre \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ un postre.

a. pedimos                                      **c. pide**

b. piden                                           d. pides

5. A nosotros \_\_\_\_\_ la clase de español. Es nuestra clase favorita.

a. nos gustan                             c. le gustan

**b. nos gusta**                                   d. me gusta

6. Martín \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ con una toalla blanca.

a. secarse                                       c. se secan

b. me seco                                      **d. se seca**

7. Necesito \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a las seis de la mañana todos los días.

**a. despertarme**                              c. te despiertas

b. me despierto                              d. despertarse

8. Tomás, no tenemos comida para la cena. \_\_\_\_\_ al supermercado, por favor.

a. Ir                                                   c. Ves

**b. Ve**                                                d. Vas

9. Lorenzo, tenemos un examen hoy. ¡no \_\_\_\_\_\_ tarde a la clase!

a. venir                                            **c. ven**

b. vengas                                        d. venga